

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) Revision Date May 01, 2015

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name	TETRAHYDROFURAN	
CAS-No.	109-99-9	
Product code	AH1201B, AH1204B, AR1203B, CG1203B, GP1203B, RP1203B	

#### **1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Identified uses Chemical for analysis and production.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	RCI LABSCAN LIMITED.
	24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand
Telephone number	(662) 613-7911-4
Fax number	(662) 613-7915

#### 1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency phone

(662) 613-7911-4

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Eye irritation (Category 2), H319 Carcinogenicity (Category 2), H351 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

		5	
	F	Highly flammable	R11, R19
	Xi	Irritant	R36/37
	Carc. Cat.3	Carcinogenic Category 3	R40
F	or the full text of the F	R-phrases mentioned in this	Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
EUH019	May form explosive peroxides.

Precautionary statement(s) P201

Obtain special instructions before use.

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P264	Wash hand thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position
	comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam for extinction.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
Other hazards	None

2.3 Other hazards

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms	•	amethylene oxide, Die Tetramethylene oxide	•	4-Epoxybutane, Oxacyclo	pentane,
CAS-No	EC-No	EC-Index-No	Formula	Molecular Weight	Weight %
109-99-9	203-726-8	603-025-00-0	C₄H <sub>8</sub> O	72.11 g/mol	>99

#### Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component Concentration		Classification
Tetrahydrofuran		
CAS-No 109-99-9 EC-No 203-726-8 EC-Index-No 603-025-00-0	>99%	Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Eye irritation (Category 2), H319 Carcinogenicity (Category 2), H351 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335

#### Hazardous ingredients according to Directive 1999/45/EC

Co	omponent	Concentration	Classification
Tetrahydro	furan		
CAS-No	109-99-9	>99%	F, Highly flammable, R11, R19
EC-No	203-726-8		Xi, Irritant, R36/37
EC-Index-No	o 603-025-00-0		Carc. Cat.3, Carcinogenic Category 3, R40

For the full text of the H-Statements and R-Phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

#### 3.2 Stabilized

#### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol

Synonyms	Butylhydroxytoluene, Butylated hydroxytoluene, 2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol,
	2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol, 3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxytoluene, BHT

CAS-No	EC-No	EC-Index-No	Formula	Molecular Weight	Weight %
128-37-0	204-881-4	-	$C_{15}H_{24}O$	220.36 g/mol	<0.0025

#### Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component	Concentration	Classification
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylpheno	l	
CAS-No 128-37-0	<0.0025%	Hazardous to the aquatic environment (Chronic Category
EC-No 204-881-4		1), H410
EC-Index-No -		

#### Hazardous ingredients according to Directive 1999/45/EC

Component	Concentration	Classification
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylpheno	l	
CAS-No 128-37-0	<0.0025%	N, Dangerous for the environment, R50/53
EC-No 204-881-4		
EC-Index-No -		

For the full text of the H-Statements and R-Phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Inhalation	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. If signs of poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. Obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated combustible material, e.g. clothing ignites more readily and burns fiercely.
Eye contact	If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at the most). Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not Available

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

#### 5.4 Further information

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Take measures to prevent electrostatic charging. Prevent firefighting water from entering surface water or groundwater.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil, advise police.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spillage: May react with combustible substances creating fire or explosion hazard and formation of toxic fumes. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered steel drums. Dispose of promptly.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see Section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep container tightly closed. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not empty into drains.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep tightly closed at room temperature in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials. Store in original container. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)**

Application Area	Health Effects	Exposure	Value
Worker	Long-term Local effects	Inhalation	150 mg/m³
Worker	Long-term Systemic effects	Inhalation	150 mg/m³
Worker	Long-term Systemic effects	Skin contact	25 mg/kg Body weight
Consumer	Acute Local effects	Inhalation	150 mg/m³
Consumer	Acute Systemic effects	Inhalation	150 mg/kg Body weight
Consumer	Long-term Systemic effects	Inhalation	62 mg/m³
Consumer	Long-term Systemic effects	Skin contact	15 mg/kg Body weight

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Compartment	Value
Aquatic intermittent release	21.6 mg/l
Fresh water	4.32 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	23.3 mg/kg
Marine water	0.432 mg/l
Marine sediment	2.33 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	4.6 mg/l
Soil	2.13 mg/kg

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Ventilation hoods and fans required when working with organic solvents or in hot melt applications.

#### Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

#### Skin protection

Chemical resistant apron / flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes. Handle with gloves

- Splash contact wears gloves from butyl rubber material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### **Respiratory protection**

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are generated filter A (EN 141 or EN 14387).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Form	Liquid
: Color	Colorless
Odour	Ether like
Odour Threshold	Not Available
рН	7-8 at 200g/l of H₂O at 20 ⁰C
Melting point/range	-108.5 °C
Boiling point/range	65-66 ºC at 1013 hPa

Flash point	-21.5 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Available
Explosion limits: lower	1.5 % (V)
upper	12.4 % (V)
Vapor Pressure	173 hPa at 20ºC
Relative Vapor Density	2.5
Density	0.890 g/ml at 20°C
Water solubility	Soluble at 20°C
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	log Pow: 0.45
Auto-Ignition temperature	215 °C
Decomposition Temperature	Not Available
Viscosity	0.48 mPa.s at 20°C
Explosive properties	Not Explosive
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Highly inflammable. Light sensitive. Sensitive to air. Explosible with air in a vaporous/gaseous state.

#### **10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in contact with air (formation of peroxides), alkali hydroxide, potassium, strong oxidizing agents, lithium aluminium hydride, thionyl chloride.

The substance can react dangerously with bromine, acids, calcium hydride/heat, metal halides, titanium tetrachloride.

The substance forms an explosive mixture with air.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating.

#### **10.5 Incompatible materials**

Alkali hydroxides, hydrides, air, oxygen, oxidizing agent, bromine. Unsuitable working materials with various plastic, rubber, tin.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Peroxide, Carbon monoxides, Carbon dioxides (Hazardous decomposition products from under fire condition).

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat): 1650 mg/kg LC<sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat): 53.9 mg/l/4h

#### Acute oral toxicity

Symptoms: irritations of mucous membranes in the mouth, pharynx, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Symptoms: mucosal irritations, coughing, dyspnoea, headache.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Irritation. Danger of skin absorption. Degreasing effect on the skin, possibly followed by secondary inflammation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Irritations.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** The Sensitization test (guinea pig) is negative. Experience in man is negative.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Bacterial mutagenicity; Ames test is negative. No indication of mutagenic activity.

Carcinogenicity Not Available

#### Reproductive toxicity Not Available

Teratogenicity Not Available

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure** May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure Not Available

## Aspiration hazard

Not Available

### **Further information**

After inhalation in high does: drowsiness, narcosis. The product should be handled with the care usual when dealing with chemicals.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC <sub>50</sub> P. promelas: 2160 mg/l/96h (in soft water).
Toxicity to daphnia	EC₅₀ Daphnia magna: 382 mg/l/24h.
and other aquatic invertebrates	
Toxicity to algae	IC₅ Sc.quadricauda: 3700 mg/l/8d.
Toxicity to bacteria	EC₅ Ps. Putida: 580 mg/l/16h.
	EC₅ M.aeruginosa: 225 mg/l/8d.
<b>12.2 Persistence and degradability</b> Biodegradability	39% /28d. Not readily biodegradable.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	log Pow: 0.45 (experimental).
	No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log P o/w <1)
12.4 Mobility in soil	

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

#### **Contaminated packaging**

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Land Transport (ADR/RID) UN Number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packaging group Environmental hazards Special precautions for user	2056 TETRAHYDROFURAN 3 II No Yes
Sea transport (IMDG) UN Number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packaging group Marine pollutant Special precautions for user EmS	2056 TETRAHYDROFURAN 3 II No Yes F-E S-D
Air transport (IATA) UN Number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packaging group Environmental hazards Special precautions for user River transport (AND/ADNR)	2056 TETRAHYDROFURAN 3 II No No
(Not examined)	

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

#### **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture** Not Available

#### **15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH019	May form explosive peroxides.

#### Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

F	Highly flammable
Carc. Cat.3	Carcinogenic Category 3
Xi	Irritant
Ν	Dangerous for the environment
R11	Highly flammable.
R19	May form explosive peroxides.
R36/37	Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.
R40	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### **Recommended restrictions**

Take notice of labels and safety data sheets for the working. Chemicals Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge.

#### Reference

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to EC Directives 67/548 EEC and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany, Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

#### Further information

Contact to RCI Labscan Limited.

# Revision Date 01/05/2015

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.